

Seiberg-Witten equations on end-periodic 4-mfds and psc metric.

Q: Which 4-mfds admits psc metric?
closed.

- index theory for Dirac operator

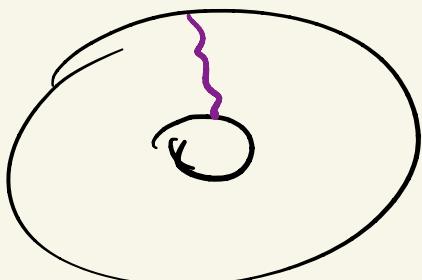
$$\Rightarrow \underline{\text{psc}}, \underline{\text{spin}} \quad \underline{\sigma(X)} = 0$$

$$I_X := H^2(X; \mathbb{R}) \otimes H^2(X; \mathbb{R}) \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$$
$$\alpha \otimes \beta \mapsto \langle \alpha \cup \beta, [X] \rangle$$

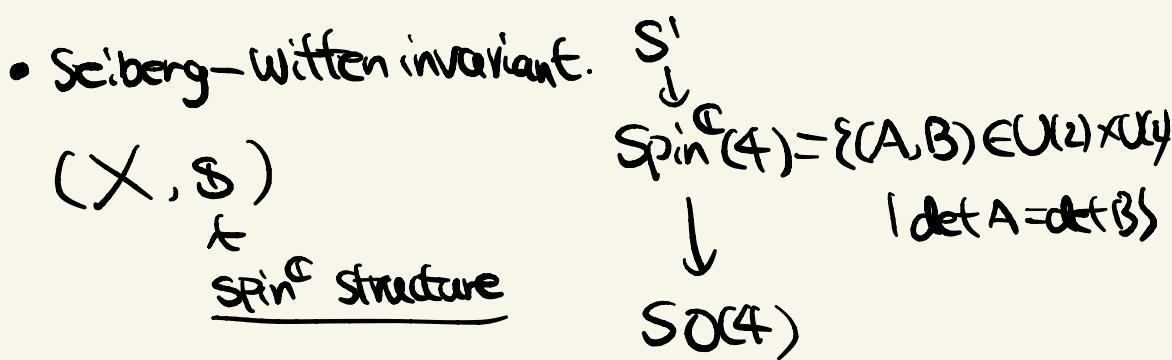
$$\sigma(X) = \sigma(I_X)$$

- minimal surface.

$b_1(X) > 0$ can find minimal hypersurface
with psc metric.



$S^2 \times S^1$, S^3 , S^3/G
connected sum.



$$SO(4) \hookrightarrow F_r \rightarrow X \xrightarrow{S} \text{Spin}^c(4) \hookrightarrow P \rightarrow X$$

$$\Lambda^* T^* X \xrightarrow{\rho} \text{Hom}(S, S) \quad C^2 \hookrightarrow S^\pm \rightarrow X$$

$$S = S^+ \oplus S^-$$

Seiberg-Witten equation

$$\begin{cases} F_A^+ = \rho^*(\phi \phi^*)_0 + \underline{W} \\ \Box_A^+ \phi = 0 \end{cases} \quad \begin{array}{l} A: \text{connection on } P \\ \uparrow \text{perturbation} \\ \text{lifts Levi-Civita conn.} \\ \text{on } F_r. \end{array}$$

$$\phi \in \Gamma(S^+)$$

A_t : induced connection
on $\det(S^+)$

Witten: under PSC metric

Seiberg-Witten eq. has no
irreducible solution ($\phi \neq 0$)

$b_2^+(X) > 1$, $SW(X, S) := \#_{\substack{\text{solution of SW} \\ \text{irreducible gauge}}} \Sigma$

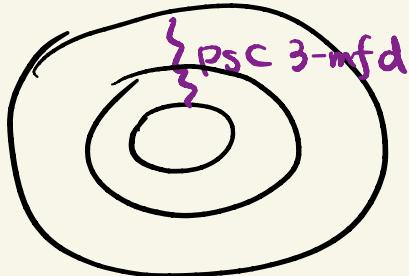
If X has PSC metric $\Rightarrow SW(X, S) = 0$

E.g. Taubes if X symplectic $b^+(X) > 1$

$\Rightarrow X$ has no PSC metric.

- X $H_*(X) \cong H_*(S^1 \times S^3)$

$$b_1(X) = 1 \quad b_2(X) = 0 \quad \text{PSC?}$$

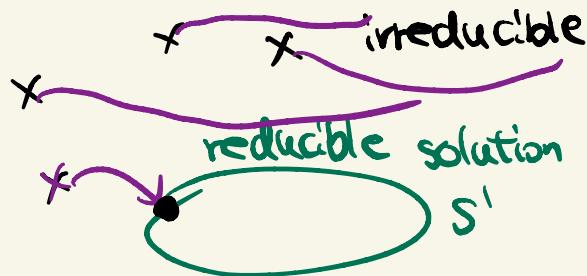


Seiberg-Witten eq.

$SW(X, S)$ not well-defined

To define Seiberg-Witten eq. pick (g_0, ω_0) $\xrightarrow{\quad}$
 perturbation 2-form

$$\begin{array}{c} \downarrow \\ (g_t, \omega_t) \\ (g_1, \omega_1) \end{array}$$

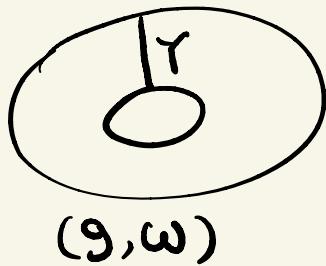


\exists reducible solution
 $(A, 0)$ s.t.
 $\text{Rer } \phi_A \neq 0$

Mrowko - Ruberman - Saveliev:

$$\mathcal{P}_{SW}(X) = \frac{\# M(g, \omega)}{k} + n(g, \omega)$$

k Solution/gauge index corrector
 independent with (g, ω) . term



$$b_1(X) = 1$$



end-periodic manifold.

$$\partial M = T$$

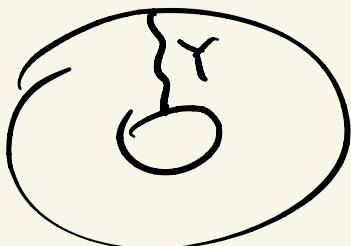
$(\tilde{g}, \tilde{\omega}) \xrightarrow{\text{extend over } M} (\tilde{g}_M, \tilde{\omega}_M)$

$M = M \cup W \cup W \cup W \cup W \dots$
 $\partial M = T$

$$\text{ind}_{\mathbb{C}}(\phi(M^+, \tilde{g}_{M^+}, \tilde{\omega}_{M^+})) + \frac{\sigma(M)}{8}$$

$$:= n(g, \omega) \in \mathbb{Z}$$

$$\approx \frac{\sigma(WU\dots)}{8}$$



Another invariant of X

$$\exists \text{ 3-mfd } Y \subset X$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{s.t. } & [Y] = 1 \in H_3(X) \\ & b_1(Y) = 0 \end{aligned}$$

$h(Y)$ = Froyshov invariant of Y .

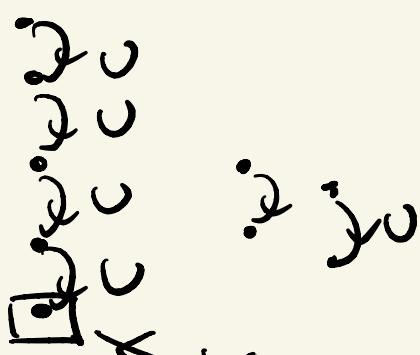
Y : 3-mfd $Y \times \mathbb{R}$ Seiberg-equation

monopole Floer homology

$$\deg(U) = -2$$

$\check{H}_m(Y, S)$: module over $\mathbb{Z}[U]^\wedge$

$$\cong \mathbb{Z}[U, U^{-1}] /_{(U^{-1})} \oplus \text{torsion}$$



$h(Y, S) = \deg$ of bottom of
 U -tower.

Thm: If X is PSC

$$\tau_{SW}(X) + h(X) = 0$$

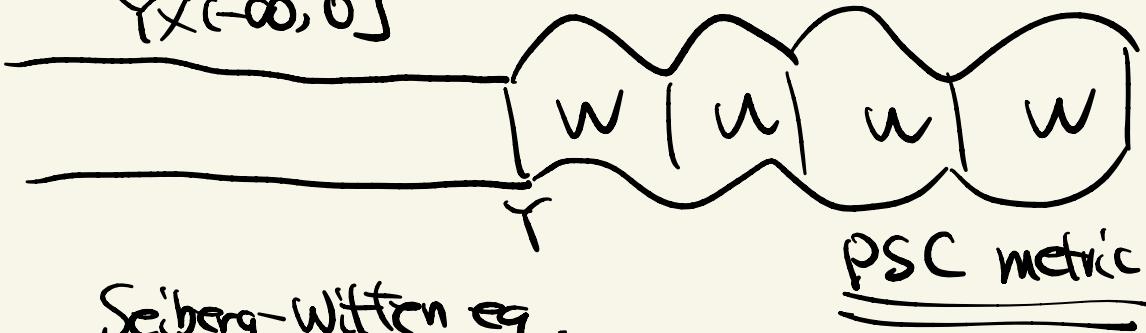
Corollary: If $H_3(X)$ is generated by
 Y with $h(Y) \not\equiv \rho(Y) \pmod{2}$
↑
Rokhlin invariant.

then X has no PSC.

(E.g. $Y = \overline{\mathbb{Z}}(2, 3, 7)$)

sketch of proof

$\gamma \times (-\infty, 0]$



Seiberg-Witten eq.

monopole Floer

$$-\frac{\delta}{\delta} = n(g, \omega) = \lambda_{SW}$$

γ "compact" mfld

$$\Rightarrow h(\gamma) = -\lambda_{SW}.$$

□

Mazur $\cong *$

exotic \mathbb{R}^4